

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 1

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-3 - 3y - 2xy - 2z + yz - 3z^2, 3xz, 2y^2, 2x^2 + 2z - 2xz)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (-3 - 2u_3 - 2u_1u_3, -2u_1 + 2u_1^2 - 2u_2 - 3u_1u_2 + 2u_1u_3 + u_1u_4 + 3u_2u_4, -3u_1^2 - u_3 + u_1u_3 + u_2u_4 - 3u_4^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (0, -1, 3)$ .

- 1)  $-3.639 \times 10^9$
- 2)  $-2.74136 \times 10^9$
- 3)  $-2.36375 \times 10^9$
- 4)  $-2.92134 \times 10^9$
- 5)  $-1.92035 \times 10^9$

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2xy^2 = 128$$

$$-2v y^2 + y^2 z = 48$$

$$2uvz - vxz = -280$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z, u, v, w) = (4, 4, -5, -4, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial w}(-5, -4, 1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial z}{\partial w}(-5, -4, 1) = 0$$

$$2) \frac{\partial z}{\partial w}(-5, -4, 1) = 3$$

$$3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial w}(-5, -4, 1) = 1$$

$$4) \frac{\partial z}{\partial w}(-5, -4, 1) = 4$$

$$5) \frac{\partial z}{\partial w}(-5, -4, 1) = 2$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 1 - x^2 + 2y - y^2 - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-4.41132, -0.9625, 0.1\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{-4.91132, -0.5625, 0.\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-4.71132, -0.9625, -0.3\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-4.61132, -0.6625, 0.2\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{0, 1, 0\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3(x^3 + y^3)}{3x + 3x^2 + 4x^3 - y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 4x^3 - 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 30x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 831$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 2

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (1 - x - xy, -2 + 2x - 2x^2 + 3y + xy, 3 + 3x - 2x^2 - 2y + 2xy + 3y^2, -1 - x - 3x^2 - 3y - 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (2 - 3u_1 + 2u_3 - 3u_2u_3 - u_4^2, -2u_2 + u_1u_3 - 2u_4 - 2u_2u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-3, 2)$ .

- 1)  $-1.98277 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $-1.21423 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $-2.1477 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $-959\,260.$
- 5)  $-2.05504 \times 10^6$

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$u + 3u^2v - 2v^2x - v^2x + ux^2 - u^2y - x^2y = -6$$

$$2u^3 + 3x - vy + 2uxy + x^2y = -27$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u,$

$v$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u, v)=(4, -3, 0, 3)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(0, 3).$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(0, 3) = \frac{2}{47}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(0, 3) = 0$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(0, 3) = \frac{3}{47}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(0, 3) = -\frac{1}{47}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(0, 3) = \frac{1}{47}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -3 + 2x - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {1, 3, 1}
- 2) We have a maximum at {-0.5, 3.6, 0.4}
- 3) We have a maximum at {0.4, 3.9, -0.2}
- 4) We have a maximum at {0.4, 2.1, 1.3}
- 5) We have a maximum at {-0.2, 3.6, -0.2}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2(x^2 - y^2)}{-9x + 8x^2 - 18x^3 + 18x^4 + 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -x^3 + y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 3y^2 \leq 108$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 3

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (-3 - 3x_1^2 + 3x_2 - 2x_3 + 2x_3^2 + 2x_1x_4, -3x_1 - 3x_2x_3 + 2x_1x_4)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (1 - u^2 + 2v - uv + 3v^2, -1 - 2u + 3u^2 + 2v + 3uv - 3v^2, 3 + 3u - u^2 - 2v + 2uv, -1 - u - 2u^2 - 3v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point

$$p = (-2, -1, -1, 3).$$

- 1) -0.275285
- 2) -0.179419
- 3) 0.
- 4) 0.487057
- 5) -0.505845

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2x_1^2x_2 - x_2^2 - 2x_3x_4 = -15$$

$$-3x_2x_3 = -9$$

$$-x_1^2x_3 = 48$$

$$-3x_1^2 - x_1x_2x_4 - 3x_3^2x_4 = -117$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variable  $u$

around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, u) = (4, -1, -3, 3, -4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4) = 4$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4) = 0$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4) = 3$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4) = 2$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4) = 1$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 7 + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{0.3, 0.9, -0.1\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.4, 0.8, 0.4\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.4, 0.5, 0.3\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{0, 1, 0\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{0.2, 0.6, 0.3\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^3y^2}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -3x^3 + 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 9x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 42$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 4

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (-1 + 3x + 2x^2 + xy - 2y^2, 1 + 2x - 3x^2 + 3y + 3xy + 3y^2, -3 + 3x - x^2 - 2y + 2xy + y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (3 - 2u^2 - 3v - 3v^2, -2w),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-1,2)$ .

- 1) -18 792.
- 2) -34 100.8
- 3) -30 370.
- 4) -14 375.7
- 5) -12 698.

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$3x^2y - 2y u_1 u_3 - u_3^3 + 2y u_1 u_4 = -324$$

$$2xy^2 = -160$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$

in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1,$

$$u_2, u_3, u_4) = (-5, -4, 5, 4, 4, 3). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1} (5, 4, 4, 3).$$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1} (5, 4, 4, 3) = 0$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1} (5, 4, 4, 3) = -\frac{3}{47}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1} (5, 4, 4, 3) = -\frac{1}{47}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1} (5, 4, 4, 3) = -\frac{4}{47}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1} (5, 4, 4, 3) = -\frac{2}{47}$

## Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 21 - 4x + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.719908, -0.0736363, -4.77685\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{0.0800915, -0.673636, -4.97685\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{2, 2, 3\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.119908, -0.373636, -5.37685\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.219908, -0.573636, -4.87685\}$

## Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \theta$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

## Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -x^3 - 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 6x^2 + 27y^2 \leq 1068$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 5

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (-3x_3 - 3x_1x_3 - x_2x_4 + 3x_3x_4 - x_4^2, x_1 + 3x_1x_2 + 2x_3 - x_1x_3, -x_3 + 2x_3^2 + 2x_4)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (-3u - 3v - 2uw, 3 + u^2 - 3uv + 2w^2, 2u + w + 3vw, -2 - 3u + 3vw),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (-2, 0, 2, 2)$ .

- 1) 0.718569
- 2) 0.495537
- 3) 0.482535
- 4) 0.240056
- 5) 0.

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2x_1^2x_3 = 128$$

$$3x_1x_3x_4 = -48$$

$$3x_3^2x_4 = 48$$

$$x_1x_2^2 = -36$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1$ ,

$x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2,$

$$x_3, x_4, u, v) = (-4, 3, 4, 1, 5, -3). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial v}(5, -3).$$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial v}(5, -3) = 1$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial v}(5, -3) = 3$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial v}(5, -3) = 4$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial v}(5, -3) = 0$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial v}(5, -3) = 2$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -3 + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 2z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{1.75453, -3.35122, 0.641404\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{2.14442, -1.59669, -0.723228\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{2.33937, -3.15627, -0.528281\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{1.94948, -2.57143, -0.333333\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{0, 2, 1\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x - 3y^2}{2y + 3xy + 2y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -3x^3 + 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 27x^2 + 18y^2 \leq 1134$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 6

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = & (2 - 3x_1 - 3x_1^2 - 2x_2 - x_1x_3 - x_3^2 - x_1x_4 + 2x_2x_4 \\ & , -2x_2^2 + x_3 - 2x_1x_3 + x_3x_4 + x_4^2, x_2 - 3x_2^2 - x_4^2, -2 - 2x_1^2 - 3x_1x_2 - 2x_3 + 3x_3^2) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = & (-3u_1 + u_1^2 + u_4^2, -3u_2 - u_2^2, \\ & u_1^2 + 3u_2 - u_2u_3 + 2u_3^2 + 2u_1u_4 + u_2u_4, 3 + 2u_1^2 + 3u_2 - u_3^2 + 3u_4 - u_2u_4), \end{aligned}$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (0, 3, -2, 3)$ .

- 1)  $-1.38472 \times 10^{11}$
- 2)  $-1.09128 \times 10^{11}$
- 3)  $-4.17435 \times 10^{10}$
- 4)  $-1.45001 \times 10^{11}$
- 5)  $-7.8354 \times 10^{10}$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned} -x_3x_4 &= -4 \\ 2x_1^2x_2 &= -64 \\ -2x_1^2x_2 - x_2x_4^2 &= 96 \\ 3x_1^3 - 2ux_2x_4 &= 208 \end{aligned}$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$

$$(u, v, w) = (4, -2, 1, 4, 1, 2, -1). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u} (1, 2, -1).$$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u} (1, 2, -1) = -\frac{1}{35}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u} (1, 2, -1) = 0$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u} (1, 2, -1) = -\frac{2}{35}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u} (1, 2, -1) = -\frac{3}{35}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u} (1, 2, -1) = -\frac{4}{35}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -28 + 4x - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 6z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {1.30907, 3.4203, 3.9465}
- 2) We have a maximum at {1.30907, 1.5786, 2.3679}
- 3) We have a maximum at {2.62457, 2.8941, 3.6834}
- 4) We have a maximum at {1.83527, 2.631, 2.631}
- 5) We have a maximum at {2, 3, 3}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^3}{x^2 + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 2x^3 - 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 9x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 561$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 7

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-x y + 3 y^2 + 3 z + 3 y z - 3 z^2, 3 x + x z + 3 z^2, -3 x - x y + y^2 + 3 z + z^2, -3 + x y - 2 y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (2 + u_1 - 3 u_1^2 + 2 u_3 u_4, -u_1 - 2 u_1 u_3 + u_2 u_4 - 2 u_4^2, u_1^2 + u_3),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (-3, 1, -3)$ .

- 1)  $1.65882 \times 10^8$
- 2)  $1.49911 \times 10^8$
- 3)  $1.52711 \times 10^8$
- 4)  $1.86793 \times 10^8$
- 5)  $1.21348 \times 10^8$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2w - 2uvx + 3y = -64$$

$$-2vy + z = -5$$

$$-3vw y - 3xz^2 = 225$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z,$

$u, v, w) = (-3, 0, -5, -4, 3, 4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4, 3, 4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4, 3, 4) = \frac{1536}{1511}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4, 3, 4) = \frac{1539}{1511}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4, 3, 4) = \frac{1537}{1511}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4, 3, 4) = \frac{1540}{1511}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4, 3, 4) = \frac{1538}{1511}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 17 - 2x + x^2 - 6y + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {1.49105, 3.00524, 3.22095}
- 2) We have a minimum at {1.74148, 2.7548, 2.97052}
- 3) We have a minimum at {0.739735, 2.50437, 2.21921}
- 4) We have a minimum at {1, 3, 3}
- 5) We have a minimum at {-0.262012, 1.75306, 2.72008}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-x^2 - 2x^2y}{x^3 - 3y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -3x^3 + 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 18x^2 + 24y^2 \leq 672$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 8

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (2x_1^2 - 2x_3^2, -3x_2 + 3x_1x_2 - 3x_2^2 + 3x_4 + 2x_2x_4 + 3x_3x_4, -3x_1^2 - 3x_2^2 - 2x_1x_3 - 3x_2x_3 + x_3^2)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (-3 + 3w + vw - 3w^2, -3uw - 3vw, 3uv - 3uw, 3u - uv - 2w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (3, 1, -2, 1)$ .

- 1) 0.169589
- 2) -0.760244
- 3) 0.
- 4) -0.881247
- 5) 0.473258

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-v^2 x_4 - ux_1 x_4 - 2x_3 x_4^2 = -8$$

$$-3ux_2 x_3 = -30$$

$$3x_1 + uvx_1 + 2ux_1 x_3 = -35$$

$$-2x_1 - x_2 = 5$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1$ ,

$x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2,$

$$x_3, x_4, u, v) = (-5, 5, -1, 1, -2, 0). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-2, 0).$$

$$1) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-2, 0) = 1$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-2, 0) = 2$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-2, 0) = 4$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-2, 0) = 3$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-2, 0) = 0$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 5 - 2x + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 4z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {0.8, 2.6, 2.2}
- 2) We have a minimum at {2., 1.2, 3.}
- 3) We have a minimum at {0.2, 2.4, 2.2}
- 4) We have a minimum at {1.2, 1.6, 2.6}
- 5) We have a minimum at {1, 2, 2}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-3y - xy - y^2}{3x + 2xy}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -4x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 12$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 9

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$\begin{aligned} f(x,y) = & (1 - 2x - 3x^2 + y + 3xy - 3y^2, 2 + 2x + 3x^2 - 3y - 3xy + 2y^2 \\ & , 1 - 3x - 3x^2 - 3y - xy + 3y^2, -3x - 2x^2 - 2y - 2xy + 3y^2) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (-3 + 2u_1 + 2u_2 + u_3, 2u_1u_3 + 2u_2u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-3,3)$ .

- 1) 16814.1
- 2) 11900.
- 3) 6814.14
- 4) 15993.7
- 5) 15274.1

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned} 2u^2x - x^2 - 3x^3 + 2uxy - 2y^2 &= -8 \\ 3 - v^2x + vx^2 + 3y + 3uy + 2u^2y - 3uy^2 + 2xy^2 &= 49 \end{aligned}$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u$

,  $v$  around the point  $p=(x,y,u,v)=(0,2,4,3)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4,3)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4,3)=0$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4,3)=2$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4,3)=1$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4,3)=4$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4,3)=3$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$$f(x,y,z) = -6 - 2x + x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \text{ defined over the domain } D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1, \text{ compute its absolute maxima and minima.}$$

 **RandomChoice:** The items for choice {} should be a non-empty list or a rule weights -> choices.

- **Thread:** Objects of unequal length in  $\{ \} + \{-0.5, 0.2, 0.3\}$  cannot be combined. [i](#)
- **Thread:** Objects of unequal length in  $\{ \} + \{-0.2, -0.4, -0.3\}$  cannot be combined. [i](#)
- **Thread:** Objects of unequal length in  $\{ \} + \{-0.2, 0.1, -0.2\}$  cannot be combined. [i](#)
- **General:** Further output of Thread::tdlen will be suppressed during this calculation. [i](#)

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{ \}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{ \} + \{-0.2, -0.4, -0.3\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{ \} + \{-0.5, 0.2, 0.3\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{ \} + \{-0.2, 0.1, -0.2\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{1, 0, 0\}$

## Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-3x + xy - 2y^2}{-x^2 + y + 3xy}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

## Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 + 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 3x^2 + 3y^2 \leq 15$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 10

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (2 + 2x + 2x^2 - y^2, -1 + 2x - 3x^2 - 2y - 3y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v) = (3 + 3u^2 - v - 2uv - 3v^2, -1 - u - u^2 - v + 2uv - v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(3,3)$ .

- 1)  $-1.68202 \times 10^7$
- 2)  $-5.07675 \times 10^7$
- 3)  $-2.74822 \times 10^7$
- 4)  $-4.14791 \times 10^7$
- 5)  $-4.53175 \times 10^6$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-1 - 2x^3 + 2y - ux - xy - 3y^3 = 514$$

$$vx + 2uxy + 2y^3 = -55$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u,$

$v$  around the point  $p=(x,y,u,v)=(-5,-5,4,1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4,1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4,1) = \frac{7404}{22217}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4,1) = \frac{7401}{22217}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4,1) = \frac{7400}{22217}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4,1) = \frac{7402}{22217}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4,1) = \frac{7403}{22217}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 18 - 4x + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {2, 2, 3}
- 2) We have a minimum at {1.5683, 1.38836, 0.68849}
- 3) We have a minimum at {2.61384, 1.73687, 1.21126}
- 4) We have a minimum at {1.74256, 1.03985, 1.55977}
- 5) We have a minimum at {1.5683, 1.91112, 2.08254}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-2xy - xy^2}{x^2 - 2y^3}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -x^3 - y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 9x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 648$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 11

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (1 + 2x - 2x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2, 3 - x + x^2 - 2y + xy - y^2)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (-3 + 3u^2 + v + 3uv - v^2, 2 - 3u + 2v - uv - v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-2,3)$ .

- 1) 136 552.
- 2) 29 233.3
- 3) 38 760.8
- 4) 78 804.
- 5) 125 762.

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3 + 3u + u^2 - v^3 + vx - vy^2 = 161$$

$$3u^2x - 3uvx + vx^2 + vx^2 + vx^2 = -240$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u, v$

arround the point  $p=(x, y, u, v) = (-2, -4, 4, -4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4, -4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4, -4) = -\frac{259}{127}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4, -4) = -\frac{517}{254}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4, -4) = -\frac{515}{254}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4, -4) = -\frac{258}{127}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(4, -4) = -\frac{519}{254}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -17 - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 6z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {0., 1.58089, 2.45014}
- 2) We have a maximum at {-0.735043, 2.56094, 3.67522}
- 3) We have a maximum at {0, 3, 3}
- 4) We have a maximum at {0.735043, 1.09086, 2.20513}
- 5) We have a maximum at {-0.490029, 1.8259, 1.22507}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-x + 2y}{x + 9x(1-x+x^2) - 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 9x^2 + 24y^2 \leq 708$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 12

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-3y^2 - 2xz - z^2, 3z^2, -1 + 3x - z + xz - yz + z^2, 2x^2 + 3y^2 + 2yz)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (2u_2 u_4, -2u_1^2 - 2u_1 u_2, -u_1^2 + 2u_2^2 + 3u_1 u_3 + 3u_2 u_3 + u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point

$$p=(0, -3, 2).$$

- 1)  $1.98018 \times 10^8$
- 2)  $5.31024 \times 10^7$
- 3)  $4.30204 \times 10^7$
- 4)  $1.53592 \times 10^8$
- 5)  $2.32054 \times 10^8$

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2w^3 - ux + 3w^2z = -65$$

$$-vy + 3vwz = -18$$

$$-vw + 3ux + 3w^2x + 2z = -50$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x$ ,

$y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p=(x, y, z, u$

,  $v, w)=(5, -3, 4, -5, 2, -1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 2, -1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 2, -1) = \frac{185}{149}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 2, -1) = \frac{189}{149}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 2, -1) = \frac{186}{149}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 2, -1) = \frac{187}{149}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 2, -1) = \frac{188}{149}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 4 + x^2 + y^2 - 4z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{0, 0, 2\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{0.5, -0.4, -3.5\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{0., 0., -4.\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.4, 0.4, -3.7\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.5, 0.3, -3.8\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^5 - 3xy^4 + 2y^5}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -4x^3 - y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 12x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 372$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 13

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$\begin{aligned} f(x,y) = & (3 - x - x^2 - 2y + 3xy + 3y^2, -1 - 3x + x^2 - y - xy + y^2 \\ & , 2x^2 - 3y - 2xy - 2y^2, 1 - x + 2x^2 - 3y + 2xy - 3y^2) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (3u_1 - 3u_1^2 + 3u_2 + 3u_4 + u_3u_4, -2u_1 + 3u_1u_2 + 2u_4^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-3,-3)$ .

- 1)  $2.75007 \times 10^7$
- 2)  $9.1886 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $6.114 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $1.68596 \times 10^7$
- 5)  $4.21396 \times 10^7$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3xyu_4 = 48$$

$$1 + y^2 - 2u_2^2 - 2xu_3 - 2u_1u_4^2 + 2xu_5^2 = 3$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4,$

$$u_5) = (-2, -2, 0, 3, 4, -4, 0). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4}(0, 3, 4, -4, 0).$$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4}(0, 3, 4, -4, 0) = 3$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4}(0, 3, 4, -4, 0) = 0$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4}(0, 3, 4, -4, 0) = -1$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4}(0, 3, 4, -4, 0) = 2$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4}(0, 3, 4, -4, 0) = 1$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -15 - x^2 + 2y - y^2 + 6z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.1, -0.56091, -5.03128\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{0, 1, 3\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{0., -0.66091, -4.93128\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{0.3, -1.06091, -5.33128\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{0.5, -1.16091, -5.03128\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3 y^2 + 2y^5}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 5x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 45x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 2100$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 14

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (1 + 3x + 3x^2 + y + xy + 3y^2, 3 + x - 3y + 2xy - y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v) = (-2 - 3u - u^2 + 3v + uv + v^2, -2 + 3u + 2u^2 + 2v - 3uv + 3v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(3,-3)$ .

- 1)  $1.98879 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $2.59485 \times 10^6$
- 3) 967788.
- 4) 422821.
- 5)  $1.7698 \times 10^6$

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-u - 2u^2 + 3u^3 + 3ux + vx + 3v^2x + 3x^2 - ux^2 - 3vx^2 = -125$$

$$-3u^3 + uv + 2u^2v + 2ux^2 - 3y^2 = 30$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x,y$  in terms of variables  $u,v$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v)=(-1,-5,-3,2)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-3,2)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-3,2) = \frac{1127}{206}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-3,2) = \frac{1691}{309}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-3,2) = \frac{3383}{618}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-3,2) = \frac{1690}{309}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-3,2) = \frac{3379}{618}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 4 - 4x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {2, 1, 0}
- 2) We have a maximum at {-4.7896, -0.228946, 0.5}
- 3) We have a maximum at {-4.9896, -0.128946, 0.}
- 4) We have a maximum at {-4.4896, -0.228946, -0.2}
- 5) We have a maximum at {-5.2896, -0.528946, 0.1}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - 3y^2}{9x - 10x^2 + 18x^3 - 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 2x^3 + 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 3x^2 + 18y^2 \leq 291$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 15

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (-1 - x^2 + 3y + 2xy + 2y^2, 2 - 2x - 3x^2 - y + xy, 1 + x + 2x^2 + 2y - xy - 3y^2, 3 - 2x + 3x^2 - y - 2xy)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (-u_1^2 + u_1 u_2 + u_2^2 - 2u_3 - u_2 u_4 - 3u_4^2, 1 + 3u_1^2 + 2u_2 - u_1 u_2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(1,2)$ .

- 1) -46 304.8
- 2) -30 243.8
- 3) -5934.47
- 4) -67 113.4
- 5) -55 680.

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$uvx + 2vy - 2w^2y + x^2y = 37$$

$$-3uvw + 3y^2 = 27$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$

arround the point  $p=(x, y, u, v, w) = (5, 2, 1, -1, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(1, -1, 1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(1, -1, 1) = \frac{104}{55}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(1, -1, 1) = \frac{107}{55}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(1, -1, 1) = \frac{108}{55}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(1, -1, 1) = \frac{106}{55}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(1, -1, 1) = \frac{21}{11}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 16 - 4x + x^2 - 6y + y^2 - 4z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.45897, -3.63845, 0.0955153\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.35897, -3.73845, -0.00448472\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{2, 3, 2\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-3.25897, -4.23845, 0.0955153\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.75897, -4.13845, -0.204485\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{y^2 + 3xy^2 + y^3}{x^2 + 3y^3}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 27x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 1296$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 16

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (-1 + x - 3x^2 - y - 2xy + 3y^2, 1 - x + 3x^2 + 3y + xy + y^2, -3 - x - 3x^2 - y + xy - 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (-3 - 2uw + 2vw, u - 3v + v^2 - 2w - 3w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(2,1)$ .

- 1) -371 486.
- 2) -230 443.
- 3) -199 548.
- 4) -333 013.
- 5) -110 579.

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$uvw - uwx - vx^2 + wy - y^3 = 8$$

$$2w^2x - 3vw y = -256$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x,y$  in terms of variables  $u,v,w$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v,w)=(-5,2,3,4,4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(3,4,4)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(3,4,4) = -\frac{23}{17}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(3,4,4) = -\frac{25}{17}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(3,4,4) = -\frac{27}{17}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(3,4,4) = -\frac{26}{17}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(3,4,4) = -\frac{24}{17}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -8 + 2x - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.274397, -2.81914, -0.939712\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{1, 3, 1\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.174397, -3.11914, -1.13971\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.474397, -2.71914, -1.13971\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.174397, -3.31914, -0.539712\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x + 5x^2}{-2y + 2xy}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -5x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 15x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 66$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 17

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (-2x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 3x_3 + 2x_1x_3 + x_2x_3 - x_3^2 - 2x_1x_4 - x_2x_4, -1 - 2x_1 - 3x_1x_3 + x_3x_4, -2x_1x_2 - 2x_1x_3 - 2x_3x_4)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (3uv - 3uw + 2vw, 2u + 3u^2 + 2v + w - w^2, 2v^2, -1 + v + 2v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(0, -1, -3, 2)$ .

- 1) -0.150168
- 2) 0.
- 3) 0.549397
- 4) -0.261863
- 5) -0.289593

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3x_3 - 3vx_3^2 - vx_4 = 113$$

$$ux_1^2 + 2x_2x_3^2 = 42$$

$$2vx_2x_4 = 24$$

$$-3vx_2 + 3ux_3x_4 = 9$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v$  around the point  $p=(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, u, v) = (-2, 3, -3, -1, -3, -4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-3, -4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-3, -4) = -\frac{222}{529}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-3, -4) = -\frac{224}{529}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-3, -4) = -\frac{223}{529}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-3, -4) = -\frac{221}{529}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-3, -4) = -\frac{225}{529}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -8 - x^2 + 4y - y^2 + 6z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {1.38242, 1.11113, 2.21187}
- 2) We have a maximum at {0, 2, 3}
- 3) We have a maximum at {0.276483, 1.38761, 1.93538}
- 4) We have a maximum at {-1.10593, 1.6641, 1.93538}
- 5) We have a maximum at {0., 1.94058, 2.76483}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3 y - 3y^4}{(x^2 + y^2)^{3/2}}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -3x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 9x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 786$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 18

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (-1 - x - 2x^2 + 3y - 2xy + 3y^2, -1 + 3x^2 + y - 3xy - 2y^2, 1 - x + y + 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (3u, 2u^2 + 2uw - 3vw),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(1, -2)$ .

- 1) -4238.63
- 2) -10269.6
- 3) -7020.
- 4) -4942.36
- 5) -1680.01

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 2xyu_1 &= 53 \\ -xy^2 &= -25 \end{aligned}$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$

in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1,$

$$u_2, u_3, u_4) = (1, 5, 5, 0, 0, -1)$$
. Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_2}(5, 0, 0, -1)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_2}(5, 0, 0, -1) = 4$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_2}(5, 0, 0, -1) = 3$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_2}(5, 0, 0, -1) = 1$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_2}(5, 0, 0, -1) = 0$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_2}(5, 0, 0, -1) = 2$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -23 + 6x - x^2 + 4y - y^2 + 4z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {3.57988, 0.181462, 1.32668}
- 2) We have a maximum at {2.203, 0.456837, 0.225179}
- 3) We have a maximum at {3, 2, 2}
- 4) We have a maximum at {3.57988, 1.83371, 2.15281}
- 5) We have a maximum at {2.75375, 1.28296, 1.60206}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-3x^2 - 3y - 2y^2}{-3x + x^2 + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -3x^3 - y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 27x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 1068$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 19

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (x - x^2 + 2y + 3xy - y^2, 1 - 3x^2 - y - 3xy - y^2, 3 + x + 3y + 3xy, 2 + 2x - 2x^2 - 2y + 3xy - y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (3u_1 + 2u_1^2 + 3u_2 - 3u_2^2 - u_2u_3 + u_4^2, 2u_2u_4 - 3u_3u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-2, -2)$ .

- 1)  $1.32847 \times 10^6$
- 2) 334 089.
- 3)  $1.73996 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $1.64769 \times 10^6$
- 5)  $1.0757 \times 10^6$

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$xy - 3yu_2u_3 = 48$$

$$2xu_2^2 + 2u_1u_3 - yu_1u_3 + 2xu_4u_5 = -48$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4,$

$$u_5) = (-3, -4, 1, 3, 1, 0, 1). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (1, 3, 1, 0, 1).$$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (1, 3, 1, 0, 1) = -\frac{3}{55}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (1, 3, 1, 0, 1) = -\frac{2}{55}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (1, 3, 1, 0, 1) = -\frac{1}{11}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (1, 3, 1, 0, 1) = -\frac{6}{55}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (1, 3, 1, 0, 1) = -\frac{4}{55}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -12 + 6x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {0.939797, 1.05826, 1.73036}
- 2) We have a maximum at {3, 1, 1}
- 3) We have a maximum at {2.06755, 0.494386, 1.73036}
- 4) We have a maximum at {1.87959, 0.870305, 0.790558}
- 5) We have a maximum at {2.25551, 1.8101, 0.22668}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^3 - 3y^4}{2xy^2 + x^2y^2 - 3y^4}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -2x^3 - 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 6x^2 + 15y^2 \leq 399$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 20

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (3xy + 3z^2, x^2 - 2xy, 2xy + 3yz + 2z^2, 3x + 3x^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (2u_3^2 + u_1 u_4, -2u_1, -1 + 3u_1 - 3u_1 u_3 - u_4^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (3, -2, -3)$ .

- 1)  $8.12882 \times 10^7$
- 2)  $7.76972 \times 10^7$
- 3)  $7.87434 \times 10^7$
- 4)  $6.05012 \times 10^7$
- 5)  $3.15286 \times 10^7$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3xz - 2vz^2 = -190$$

$$-2yz^2 = 50$$

$$-w^3 - 3uy + 3vz^2 = 430$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z, u, v, w) = (-4, -1, 5, -3, 5, -4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-3, 5, -4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-3, 5, -4) = -\frac{31}{64}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-3, 5, -4) = -\frac{121}{256}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-3, 5, -4) = -\frac{125}{256}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-3, 5, -4) = -\frac{61}{128}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-3, 5, -4) = -\frac{123}{256}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 22 - 6x + x^2 + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D =$

$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.52132, 0.4, -2.22132\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.62132, 0.1, -2.22132\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.12132, 0., -2.12132\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{3, 0, 3\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.72132, -0.4, -1.62132\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x + 3xy - y^2}{y + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -2x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D =$   
 $9x^2 + 15y^2 \leq 141$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 21

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (3 + 2x + y + 2xy + 3y^2, -1 + 2x^2 - y + 2xy, -2 + 3x - 2x^2 - 3y - 3xy + y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (2u - v^2, -2uv + 2w - 2uw + 2w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-3,3)$ .

- 1) 719.164
- 2) 1992.
- 3) 1653.6
- 4) 2905.5
- 5) 2324.61

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2x^3 - 3xu_2 - 3yu_3^2 - u_3^3 + 2xu_1u_4 = -55$$

$$-yu_1 - 2x^2u_3 + 3u_4^2 + 2xu_4^2 = -54$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$

in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1,$

$$u_2, u_3, u_4) = (5, 4, 3, 0, 5, 4)$$
. Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1}(3, 0, 5, 4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1}(3, 0, 5, 4) = -\frac{69}{937}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1}(3, 0, 5, 4) = -\frac{66}{937}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1}(3, 0, 5, 4) = -\frac{67}{937}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1}(3, 0, 5, 4) = -\frac{68}{937}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_1}(3, 0, 5, 4) = -\frac{70}{937}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 25 - 6x + x^2 - 6y + y^2 - 4z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-4.83914, -0.32878, -0.571454\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{3, 3, 2\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-5.13914, -0.52878, -0.371454\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-4.43914, -0.62878, -0.0714537\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-5.33914, -0.72878, -0.871454\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-x+y}{x - 3x(1-x+x^2+2x^3) + y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 4x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 12$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 22

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (2 - x + 2x^2 + y - xy - y^2, -1 - x - 2x^2 + 2y - 3xy, 2 + 2x + 3x^2 + 2y + 2xy - 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (1 + 2u + 2u^2 + v - uv, -3v + 3w - 3w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(1, -3)$ .

- 1) -215 359.
- 2) -324 376.
- 3) -310 773.
- 4) -227 442.
- 5) -185 472.

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3x^2 u_1 - 2yu_2 u_3 - 3xyu_4 + 2xu_4^2 = -350$$

$$-3x^2 u_1 + xu_2 + 2u_3 u_4 + 2yu_3 u_4 = -45$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$

in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1,$

$$u_2, u_3, u_4) = (5, 5, 3, 0, 3, 5). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (3, 0, 3, 5).$$

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (3, 0, 3, 5) = -\frac{31}{170}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (3, 0, 3, 5) = -\frac{63}{340}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (3, 0, 3, 5) = -\frac{3}{17}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (3, 0, 3, 5) = -\frac{59}{340}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u_4} (3, 0, 3, 5) = -\frac{61}{340}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -20 + 6x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 + 4z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {1.79306, 0.769727, 1.80555}
- 2) We have a maximum at {1.07085, 0.228063, 1.08333}
- 3) We have a maximum at {0.890291, 0.589172, 2.52776}
- 4) We have a maximum at {3, 1, 2}
- 5) We have a maximum at {0.890291, 1.49195, 1.26388}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-2y + xy}{2x - 3x^2 + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 9x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 72$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 23

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (3x_2 + 3x_2^2 + x_2x_3 + 2x_4, 1 - 3x_1x_2 - x_2^2 + 2x_2x_3 - x_4^2, \\ 3x_1^2 + x_2 - 3x_1x_2 + 3x_2x_3 - 2x_3^2 - 2x_4 - 3x_1x_4 + 2x_2x_4 - 3x_3x_4)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (2uv + 2w, -3 - 2vw, 3u - 2v + 2uv + 2vw, -v - 3uw + 2vw + 2w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (3, 3, 3, -3)$ .

- 1) -0.681044
- 2) -0.657997
- 3) 0.
- 4) -0.630152
- 5) -0.889567

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-u^2x_1 - 2x_1x_2 - 2vx_1x_4 = -85$$

$$ux_3x_4 = -9$$

$$3v^3 + 3x_1^2 + x_3^2 = -108$$

$$2uv - 3vx_1x_2 - 2vx_3 - 3ux_4^2 = -229$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2$

,  $x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3,$

$$x_4, u, v) = (5, -4, -3, -3, -1, -4)$$
. Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-1, -4)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-1, -4) = -\frac{32}{61}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-1, -4) = -\frac{639}{1220}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-1, -4) = -\frac{641}{1220}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-1, -4) = -\frac{319}{610}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-1, -4) = -\frac{637}{1220}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -10 + 4x - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.83916, -1.72815, -0.485329\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.43916, -1.82815, -0.685329\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.43916, -2.12815, -0.585329\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.33916, -1.62815, -0.185329\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{2, 3, 1\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^3 + 2y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 - 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 6x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 576$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 24

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y,z) = (2x^2 + 3y^2, -y^2, 1 - x^2 + 2yz)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (-u + 3uv - w - uw, -2w^2, u + v^2 + 2w + uw - vw),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (-2, -2, -3)$ .

- 1)  $-1.04141 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $-1.97168 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $-1.38321 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $-1.2825 \times 10^6$
- 5)  $-665325.$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$ux + 3vxz + 3yz - y^2z = 188$$

$$-3u - xyz = -30$$

$$-ux^2 + uxz = 8$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v$

arround the point  $p = (x, y, z, u, v) = (-4, 3, -3, -2, 5)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-2, 5)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-2, 5) = \frac{45}{104}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-2, 5) = \frac{6}{13}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-2, 5) = \frac{49}{104}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-2, 5) = \frac{47}{104}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}(-2, 5) = \frac{23}{52}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 1 - 2x + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 4z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {1, 2, 2}
- 2) We have a minimum at {0.2, 2.6, 1.4}
- 3) We have a minimum at {2., 1.8, 2.6}
- 4) We have a minimum at {0.8, 1.6, 2.2}
- 5) We have a minimum at {0.6, 2.4, 1.4}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{2x^2y^3}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 4x^3 - 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 27y^2 \leq 978$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 25

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (-1 - 2x + 2y + xy - 2y^2, -1 + 2x + 2x^2 - y - 3xy + 3y^2, -1 + x + 3x^2 - y - 3xy - 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (-2 + 3u^2, -2u - v),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(0,-1)$ .

- 1) -270.
- 2) -360.441
- 3) -220.966
- 4) -130.192
- 5) -121.77

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-v + 3w^2x - 3wy = 131$$

$$3u^2v - v^2 + 3vw + 2u^2x - 3w^2x + y^2 = -225$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x,y$  in terms of variables  $u,v,w$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v,w)=(2,-1,0,4,-5)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(0,4,-5)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(0,4,-5) = -\frac{344}{975}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(0,4,-5) = -\frac{346}{975}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(0,4,-5) = -\frac{343}{975}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(0,4,-5) = -\frac{347}{975}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(0,4,-5) = -\frac{23}{65}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 11 - 2x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{0.8, 1.5, 0.4\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{1.1, 1.5, -0.3\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{1.2, 1.3, 0.5\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{1.5, 0.6, -0.1\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{1, 1, 0\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-3x^2y + y^2}{3x^2 - 2y^3}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 4x^3 + 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 42$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 26

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (-2x_3 - x_1 x_3 + 2x_2 x_3, 3x_1 + x_2^2 + 2x_1 x_4, 3x_1^2 - 2x_1 x_2 - x_1 x_3 + 2x_2 x_3 + 2x_3 x_4, 2x_3^2 + 2x_4^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (u_1 u_2 - 3u_1 u_3 - 3u_2 u_3, 3u_1^2 - 2u_1 u_2 + 3u_3 u_4, -3u_1 u_2 - 2u_2^2 + 3u_3 - 3u_2 u_3, 3 + 2u_1 u_3 + 2u_3^2 + u_4 + u_3 u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(1,0,1,0)$ .

- 1) -102 487.
- 2) -193 924.
- 3) -140 079.
- 4) -165 888.
- 5) -93 592.9

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$w x_1 x_2 + 2 x_1 x_2 x_4 = 55$$

$$-3 v x_1 x_4 = -75$$

$$3 u x_3 + u^2 x_4 = 9$$

$$-2 v x_2 x_3 = -200$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p=(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, u, v, w) = (1, 5, 4, 5, -3, 5, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_2}{\partial v}(-3, 5, 1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial v}(-3, 5, 1) = \frac{51}{59}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial v}(-3, 5, 1) = \frac{54}{59}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial v}(-3, 5, 1) = \frac{53}{59}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial v}(-3, 5, 1) = \frac{55}{59}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial v}(-3, 5, 1) = \frac{52}{59}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -16 - x^2 + 4y - y^2 + 6z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{0.3, 3.2, 1.8\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{0, 2, 3\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.2, 0.8, 4.2\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{0.3, 2.6, 2.7\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.3, 2.6, 1.8\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 + 3x^2y - 3y^4}{3x^4 - 2y^3}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 18x^2 + 18y^2 \leq 450$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 27

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (-1 - x^2 - 2y + xy - 3y^2, -2 + 2x - 2x^2 - 3y + 2xy)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (-2 + u + u^2 - 2v - uv + v^2, -3 - 3u - 3u^2 + 3v - 2uv - v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-1, 0)$ .

- 1) 3130.8
- 2) 4666.64
- 3) 2472.
- 4) 3071.52
- 5) 1042.57

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3u^3 - 2ux^2 - 3y - 3uxy + y^2 - 2uy^2 + xy^2 = -151$$

$$-3u^3 + x + 3u^2x + 2x^2 - 3ux^2 + x^3 - uy - 3xy + x^2y - 3xy^2 = -15$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variable

$u$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u) = (-4, -4, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{10}{17}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{848}{1445}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{847}{1445}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{849}{1445}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{851}{1445}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -4 - x^2 + 2y - y^2 - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.2, -0.3, -2.24955\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{0., -0.8, -2.74955\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.2, -0.7, -2.24955\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.5, -0.4, -2.54955\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{0, 1, 0\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3 + 2y^3}{3x + 6x^2 + x^3 - y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 3x^2 + 12y^2 \leq 60$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 28

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (x_1^2 - x_2 - x_1 x_2 + 2 x_4^2, 2 x_1 - 3 x_1^2 - 2 x_2 + 3 x_2^2 + 3 x_1 x_3 - 2 x_4)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (2 + u - v + 2 v^2, 2 + 2 u + 2 u^2 + v + 2 u v - 3 v^2, 1 - u + v + 3 u v + 3 v^2, 3 + u - 2 u^2 + v + 2 v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point

$$p = (1, -3, 0, -1).$$

- 1) 0.430681
- 2) 0.551464
- 3) 0.
- 4) -0.587124
- 5) -0.156864

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-u x_2^2 + u x_2 x_4 - 3 x_4^2 = -23$$

$$-x_1 x_2 x_3 = 60$$

$$2 u^3 + 2 u x_2^2 + u x_1 x_3 = 19$$

$$2 u x_1 x_4 + 2 x_4^2 = 12$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variable  $u$

around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, u) = (-5, 4, 3, -1, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{376}{395}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{76}{79}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{377}{395}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{379}{395}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{378}{395}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 8 - 2x + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 2z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.831375, -4.88033, -0.12802\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.331375, -5.28033, -0.62802\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.631375, -5.18033, -0.62802\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{1, 2, 1\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.13138, -4.58033, 0.17198\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3 - y^3}{-9x - 9x^2 + 17x^3 + 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 27x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 1068$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 29

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = & (-x_2 - 3x_2^2 - x_3^2 - 2x_1 x_4 + 3x_2 x_4 + 2x_4^2, \\ & , x_1 - 2x_2 + x_1 x_2 + 2x_4^2, 2 + x_3 + 2x_1 x_4, -1 + 2x_1 + 2x_1^2 - 3x_3^2 - 3x_4^2) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = & (-u_2 u_3 + 3u_4, -1 - 3u_1 u_2 + 3u_2 u_3 + u_1 u_4 + 2u_2 u_4 - u_3 u_4 \\ & , -1 + 3u_1^2 + u_3 - 2u_1 u_3 + u_3 u_4, 2 - u_1^2 + 2u_2 + 3u_3 - u_1 u_3 + 3u_3 u_4 + 3u_4^2), \end{aligned}$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (2, 1, 1, 2)$ .

- 1)  $2.72147 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $1.84314 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $1.58218 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $1.40195 \times 10^6$
- 5)  $1.60944 \times 10^6$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned} 2uvw - uvx_1 + 3ux_1x_4 &= 25 \\ -x_1x_2 - 2wx_1x_3 + 3wx_4 &= -175 \\ -ux_2x_3 &= -3 \\ -3vx_1x_2 - 3vx_2x_3 &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3$

,  $x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$

$$, u, v, w = (5, -1, 3, -2, -1, 1, 5). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u} (-1, 1, 5).$$

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u} (-1, 1, 5) = -\frac{1063}{265}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u} (-1, 1, 5) = -\frac{1064}{265}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u} (-1, 1, 5) = -\frac{1066}{265}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u} (-1, 1, 5) = -\frac{1067}{265}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u} (-1, 1, 5) = -\frac{213}{53}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -4 + 2x - x^2 + 4y - y^2 - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {1, 2, 0}
- 2) We have a maximum at {1.6, 1.4, 0.8}
- 3) We have a maximum at {1.4, 2.4, 1.}
- 4) We have a maximum at {1.2, 2.2, 0.2}
- 5) We have a maximum at {1.6, 1., -1.}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x+y}{-5x+12x^2+3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -4x^3 + 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 756$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 30

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = & (2x_4 - 2x_1x_4 + x_3x_4 + x_4^2, 1 + 2x_1^2 + 3x_2x_3 + 3x_1x_4 - 2x_2x_4 \\ & , -2x_3 + 2x_1x_3 - x_1x_4, 2x_1 + 2x_1x_2 + 2x_1x_3 - 2x_4 + 3x_2x_4) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = & (-1 - u_2u_3 - 2u_1u_4 + 3u_2u_4 - 2u_4^2, \\ & -3 - 3u_2u_3 + 3u_3^2 + u_1u_4 - 2u_3u_4, -u_1 - u_2u_3 - 3u_4, 2u_2 + u_2u_3 - 3u_1u_4 - u_4^2), \end{aligned}$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (2, -3, 3, -1)$ .

- 1)  $-1.91952 \times 10^8$
- 2)  $-2.21492 \times 10^8$
- 3)  $-1.97878 \times 10^8$
- 4)  $-2.82332 \times 10^7$
- 5)  $-7.91461 \times 10^7$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned} -3v^2w - 3x_2 - x_3^3 - 2uwx_4 &= -308 \\ 2ux_2 - 2x_3x_4 &= 4 \\ 2x_2^2x_3 &= -2 \\ -2v^2x_1 + x_1x_3 &= -99 \end{aligned}$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, u, v, w) = (3, -1, -1, -3, -5, 4, 4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-5, 4, 4)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-5, 4, 4) = \frac{12}{443}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-5, 4, 4) = \frac{131}{4873}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-5, 4, 4) = \frac{130}{4873}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-5, 4, 4) = \frac{128}{4873}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial u}(-5, 4, 4) = \frac{129}{4873}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 8 - 4x + x^2 - 6y + y^2 - 2z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {2.55278, 4.41828, 1.22566}
- 2) We have a minimum at {2.84734, 2.65097, 0.0474563}
- 3) We have a minimum at {3.43644, 3.24007, 2.10932}
- 4) We have a minimum at {1.96368, 2.94552, 0.931112}
- 5) We have a minimum at {2, 3, 1}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x^2y + 3y^2 + 2y^3}{3x^2 + 2xy^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -4x^3 + 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 30x^2 + 18y^2 \leq 1038$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 31

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (-2 - 3x^2 + 2xy + 3y^2, -2 - x + 3x^2 - 2xy + 2y^2, 3 + x - 3x^2 - 2y + 2xy - 2y^2, -1 - 3x - 3x^2 + y + xy + y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (3u_2 + 2u_1u_2 + u_3 - u_2u_4 + u_3u_4, u_1^2 + 2u_2 - 3u_1u_3),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(0,0)$ .

- 1) 195.04
- 2) 293.194
- 3) 160.
- 4) 67.1485
- 5) 236.023

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2ux - vy^2 = 85$$

$$-3uw^2 + uvx - uwy - 2x^2y - 2y^2 = -180$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v,w)=(5,5,-4,-5,0)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(-4,-5,0)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(-4,-5,0) = \frac{118}{283}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(-4,-5,0) = \frac{117}{283}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(-4,-5,0) = \frac{116}{283}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(-4,-5,0) = \frac{119}{283}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v}(-4,-5,0) = \frac{115}{283}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -16 + 4x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{0.195533, -0.820808, -4.23897\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{2, 1, 1\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.204467, -1.52081, -4.63897\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.304467, -1.12081, -4.73897\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.504467, -1.42081, -5.03897\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x+y}{8x+18x^2+9x^3-9x^4-3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 6x^2 + 12y^2 \leq 144$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 32

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (3xy + 2xz + yz, 3x - 2y - 3yz, 2y - xz + 2yz, -2 - 2x + 3y)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (u_1^2, u_2 - 2u_3 + u_1u_3 + 3u_4^2, 2u_1 - 3u_2 + 3u_1u_4 + u_2u_4 - u_4^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(1,2,0)$ .

- 1) 15840.
- 2) 5273.41
- 3) 21129.1
- 4) 4975.22
- 5) 8960.68

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-xy = -5$$

$$-2uxz - 2y^2z = 52$$

$$-3x^2 + uw y - wy^2 = -83$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$

arround the point  $p=(x, y, z, u, v, w) = (5, 1, -1, 5, 5, -2)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(5, 5, -2)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(5, 5, -2) = \frac{5}{72}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(5, 5, -2) = \frac{1}{24}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(5, 5, -2) = \frac{1}{36}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(5, 5, -2) = \frac{1}{18}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(5, 5, -2) = \frac{1}{72}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -16 + 2x - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 4z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.0173655, -3.09584, -1.79722\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.417365, -3.29584, -2.19722\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.617365, -3.09584, -1.79722\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{1, 3, 2\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.617365, -2.99584, -2.59722\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x - 3y}{8x + 18x^2 + 18x^3 - 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -4x^3 - 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 18x^2 + 45y^2 \leq 1782$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 33

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (-1 - x - 2x^2 + y - 3xy - 3y^2, 3 + 3x - x^2 + 3y + xy, -1 - x + 3y - 2xy - 2y^2, 2x - 3x^2 + 3xy + 3y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (-u_1^2 - 3u_2u_4 + 3u_4^2, 3u_1 + u_3 - 3u_2u_4 + 2u_3u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(0,0)$ .

- 1) -110.232
- 2) -24.0253
- 3) -68.
- 4) -109.046
- 5) -52.514

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-3 - 2u^2 + 2u^3 - 3x + 3u^2x + 2ux^2 - x^3 - 2y + 3uy - 3u^2y - xy - 2x^2y - y^3 = -188$$

$$3u^3 - 2u^2x + 2x^3 + 2y - xy + 3uxy - 3uy^2 - xy^2 - 2y^3 = -330$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of

variable  $u$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u)=(2, 5, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{5188}{10115}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{5189}{10115}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{1038}{2023}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{5186}{10115}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = \frac{741}{1445}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -7 + 4x - x^2 + 6y - y^2 + 4z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {1.32256, 1.70043, 2.88118}
- 2) We have a maximum at {2, 3, 2}
- 3) We have a maximum at {2.17277, 1.98383, 1.74756}
- 4) We have a maximum at {1.03915, 1.98383, 0.897346}
- 5) We have a maximum at {1.88937, 2.83405, 1.46416}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^4 y}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 18x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 768$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 34

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (2x - 2x^2 - 2y - 2xy - 3y^2, -2 - x^2 + 3y + 2xy + 2y^2, 3x - 2x^2 + y - 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (-3u^2, -3uv + 2v^2 - 3w),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(0,3)$ .

- 1)  $2.00108 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $3.17479 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $2.30234 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $2.91724 \times 10^6$
- 5)  $3.93443 \times 10^6$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-vy + 2uxy + 3y^3 = -183$$

$$-x^3 + 2xy = 45$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x,y$  in terms of variables  $u,v,w$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v,w)=(-3,-3,-5,-4,0)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-5,-4,0)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-5,-4,0) = -\frac{39}{241}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-5,-4,0) = -\frac{197}{1205}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-5,-4,0) = -\frac{196}{1205}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-5,-4,0) = -\frac{194}{1205}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-5,-4,0) = -\frac{198}{1205}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 5 - 4x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.751203, -2.23898, -0.4\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.2512, -2.33898, 0.4\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.3512, -2.33898, 0.5\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.951203, -2.63898, 0.\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{2, 1, 0\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^2 + 4x^2y}{-2y^2 + xy^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 2x^3 - 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 3x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 27$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 35

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-x + 2x^2 + 2y + 3z, 2y, -1 - x^2 + z, -2x + 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (u_1^2 + 2u_1u_4, u_1 + 3u_2^2 + u_3^2 - u_3u_4, u_1u_2 - u_3 - u_2u_3 + 2u_3^2 - 3u_2u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (1, -2, 0)$ .

- 1) -45 480.
- 2) -60 580.5
- 3) -23 436.9
- 4) -25 808.1
- 5) -19 279.3

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$3u^2y + 3uz = -126$$

$$2uvz + 2xz^2 = -4$$

$$-1 - 3wxz = 89$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$

,  $z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z, u,$

$v, w) = (-5, -4, -2, 3, -3, -3)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(3, -3, -3)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(3, -3, -3) = -\frac{16}{9}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(3, -3, -3) = -\frac{19}{9}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(3, -3, -3) = -\frac{17}{9}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(3, -3, -3) = -2$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(3, -3, -3) = -\frac{20}{9}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -2 + 4x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 + 4z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-1.02172, -3.21351, -0.275378\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{-1.52172, -3.31351, -0.475378\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-1.12172, -2.91351, -0.375378\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{2, 1, 2\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{-1.62172, -2.81351, -0.175378\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x^2 + y + 2y^2}{x - 3xy}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 2x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 12x^2 + 12y^2 \leq 240$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 36

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (-1 + 2x^2 - 3y - 2xy - y^2, 3 - 3x + 2x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2, 2 - 2x - 3x^2 - 2y - xy + 2y^2, -x + x^2 - 3y + 3xy - 3y^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (1 - u_1 + 3u_2 - 2u_3^2 + 2u_1u_4 - 2u_2u_4, 1 - 2u_1 - 3u_2u_3 + 3u_3u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-3, -3)$ .

- 1)  $1.22598 \times 10^6$
- 2) 936 845.
- 3) 655 964.
- 4) 776 370.
- 5)  $1.28047 \times 10^6$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$\begin{aligned} 2yu_2^2 - xu_3u_5 &= 52 \\ y^2 + 3xy^2 - 2u_1^2u_5 &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5) = (-3, -1, 2, -2, -5, -2, -4)$ .

Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_5}(2, -2, -5, -2, -4)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_5}(2, -2, -5, -2, -4) = -\frac{22}{43}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_5}(2, -2, -5, -2, -4) = -\frac{21}{43}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_5}(2, -2, -5, -2, -4) = -\frac{20}{43}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_5}(2, -2, -5, -2, -4) = -\frac{18}{43}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_5}(2, -2, -5, -2, -4) = -\frac{19}{43}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -2x + x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-4.9, 0.5, 0.5\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-5.1, 0.2, 0.5\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-5., 0., 0.\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{1, 0, 0\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-4.5, -0.2, 0.1\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - 2y^2}{9x - 17x^2 - 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 45y^2 \leq 1716$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 37

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (2y, -y^2 + 2z^2)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (-2 + 3u - 3u^2 - 2v - 2uv + 3v^2, -1 - 3u + 2u^2 - 2v + uv, -1 - 3u^2 + 3v + uv + 3v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (-1, 0, 1)$ .

- 1) 0.
- 2) 0.840936
- 3) 0.803386
- 4) 0.679925
- 5) -0.245466

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$3u + 3u^2 + 3y - xy^2 + uz - uy z - 3xy z = 13$$

$$2u^2 x + 2uy + uz + 3x^2 z + 2uz^2 = 198$$

$$2 - 3ux - 3x^2 + 2z - ux z + z^2 = -28$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variable

$u$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z, u) = (2, 1, 4, 3)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} (3)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} (3) = -\frac{15588}{28397}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} (3) = -\frac{15587}{28397}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} (3) = -\frac{15585}{28397}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} (3) = -\frac{15586}{28397}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} (3) = -\frac{15584}{28397}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 14 + x^2 + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {0.8, -0.8, 2.2}
- 2) We have a minimum at {0., 0., 2.}
- 3) We have a minimum at {0, 0, 3}
- 4) We have a minimum at {-0.4, 0.4, 2.6}
- 5) We have a minimum at {-1., -0.4, 1.}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-x^2 + y^2}{-9x - 17x^2 + 9x^3 + 18x^4 + 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 + y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 3x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 108$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 38

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-2x^2 + y - 2z, 3x - 3yz)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (-1 - 3u^2 - 2v - 3uv + v^2, 1 + 2uv, -2 + 2v - uv - 2v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (3, -1, 1)$ .

- 1) -0.257056
- 2) 0.
- 3) -0.256027
- 4) 0.895796
- 5) 0.309781

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$uxy - 2xz + x^2z + z^3 = 59$$

$$-3ux^2 - uy + 2xy = 160$$

$$-3ux^2 + 3x^3 + 2z - 3uzx - yz - uyz = 563$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variable

$u$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z, u) = (5, -5, -1, -3)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(-3)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(-3) = \frac{339857}{26717}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(-3) = \frac{339858}{26717}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(-3) = \frac{339856}{26717}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(-3) = \frac{339859}{26717}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(-3) = \frac{339855}{26717}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -7 + 4x - x^2 + 4y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {2.58133, 0.604834, -0.127805}
- 2) We have a maximum at {1.72089, 1.46528, 0.732639}
- 3) We have a maximum at {1.37671, 1.80946, -0.127805}
- 4) We have a maximum at {2.40924, 0.604834, 0.388461}
- 5) We have a maximum at {2, 2, 1}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-3x^2 + xy^2}{3xy + 3x^2y + 2y^3}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -3x^3 - 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 27x^2 + 6y^2 \leq 996$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 39

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (-2 + 3x_3^2 + x_4 - 2x_1x_4, 2x_1x_2 - 3x_1x_4 + 2x_2x_4, 1 - 2x_1^2 - x_1x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4, 2x_1x_3)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (u_1 + 2u_1u_2 - 3u_2^2 + 3u_3 - 2u_1u_3 - u_3u_4 + 3u_4^2, 2u_2^2 - 3u_3 + 3u_1u_3, 3u_1^2 - 3u_1u_3 - 2u_2u_3 - u_3^2 - u_1u_4, -3u_1 - u_1^2 + 3u_1u_2 + 3u_1u_3 - 2u_2u_3 - 2u_3^2 + u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (-1, 1, 0, 2)$ .

- 1)  $1.49194 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $5.24492 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $3.34354 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $1.6039 \times 10^6$
- 5)  $2.1373 \times 10^6$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$x_1^2 x_3 = 125$$

$$v^2 + u^2 w - 2w x_1 x_4 = 5$$

$$-3w x_2 x_4 = -24$$

$$-2v + 2w^2 x_2 + 2w x_4 + 3vw x_4 = 62$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3$ ,

,  $x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4,$

$$u, v, w) = (-5, 2, 5, -1, 3, -1, -4)$$
. Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(3, -1, -4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(3, -1, -4) = 0$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(3, -1, -4) = 3$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(3, -1, -4) = 1$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(3, -1, -4) = 2$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_4}{\partial u}(3, -1, -4) = 4$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -9 + 4x - x^2 + 4y - y^2 - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.43553, -3.23553, -0.3\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.63553, -3.93553, 0.1\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.53553, -3.53553, 0.\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-3.93553, -3.03553, -0.2\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{2, 2, 0\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-x+y}{-x+4x^2+2x^3+y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 + 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 3x^2 + 15y^2 \leq 387$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 40

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (3 + x + y - 2xy, -3 + 3x + 3x^2 + 3y - 3y^2, 2 + x - x^2 - 3xy + 3y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (-1 + v^2 + 2uw, u^2 + v + uv + 3v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-1,-3)$ .

- 1)  $-1.44006 \times 10^6$
- 2) -162 928.
- 3)  $-1.90373 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $-1.1926 \times 10^6$
- 5) -321 570.

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-1 + w x - w^2 y = -91$$

$$-3v^2 - 2v^3 + uvx + y + 2x^2 y = 21$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v,w)=(2,4,-5,1,5)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}(-5,1,5)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}(-5,1,5) = \frac{23}{40}$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}(-5,1,5) = \frac{21}{40}$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}(-5,1,5) = \frac{11}{20}$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}(-5,1,5) = \frac{19}{40}$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}(-5,1,5) = \frac{1}{2}$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -6 + 6x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv$

$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.559116, -5.26647, -0.2\}$
- 2) We have a minimum at  $\{3, 1, 0\}$
- 3) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.359116, -4.36647, -0.4\}$
- 4) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.159116, -5.16647, 0.1\}$
- 5) We have a minimum at  $\{-0.459116, -4.86647, 0.\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-2x^2y + 2xy^2 + 3y^3}{x^2 + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 - 3y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv$   
 $6x^2 + 27y^2 \leq 1068$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 41

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y,z) = (2y^2, 2yz + 2z^2, 1 + 3y^2 - 3z - 3z^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (3 + 2v^2 - 2w - 3vw, -3 + 2v + 3w^2, -u^2 - 3v^2 - w + 3uw + 3w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (2, -3, -3)$ .

- 1) -0.827687
- 2) 0.
- 3) -0.819128
- 4) 0.313637
- 5) 0.510141

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-1 - 2v - 2vx^2 + 2x^2z = -99$$

$$-3u^2 - 2u^2x - 3v^2x - 3y + 2xz = 117$$

$$-2v^2x + 3vx^2 - 2vy^2 - 3y^3 + 2vxz = 135$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v$

arround the point  $p = (x, y, z, u, v) = (-4, -3, -2, 4, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4, 1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4, 1) = \frac{922}{603}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4, 1) = \frac{307}{201}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4, 1) = \frac{308}{201}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4, 1) = \frac{920}{603}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(4, 1) = \frac{923}{603}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 20 - 2x + x^2 - 4y + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv$

$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.00178, -1.50357, -2.50535\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.20178, -1.30357, -2.10535\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.801784, -1.60357, -2.40535\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.601784, -1.40357, -2.70535\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{1, 2, 3\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{-2x^2 + y^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -4x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv$

$12x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 528$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 42

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (3 - 3x + 3x^2 - 3y - xy + y^2, \\ -1 + 2x - x^2 - 3y - 2xy + 2y^2, 2 - 2x + x^2 - y + 2xy, 3 + x - 3x^2 - 3y - 3xy)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (-3u_1^2 + 2u_2 - 2u_1u_2 - 3u_3 - 3u_3^2 - 3u_2u_4, -2u_1^2 - 3u_1u_3 + u_4 - 3u_1u_4),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-3,3)$ .

- 1)  $2.79599 \times 10^6$
- 2)  $1.94279 \times 10^6$
- 3)  $1.39891 \times 10^6$
- 4)  $4.6134 \times 10^6$
- 5)  $3.20364 \times 10^6$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$3xy^2 = -375$$

$$-3y^2u_5 - 2xu_5^2 = -125$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5)$

$=(-5, 5, -3, -5, -1, 4, 5)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_3}(-3, -5, -1, 4, 5)$ .

- 1)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_3}(-3, -5, -1, 4, 5) = 0$
- 2)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_3}(-3, -5, -1, 4, 5) = 2$
- 3)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_3}(-3, -5, -1, 4, 5) = 1$
- 4)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_3}(-3, -5, -1, 4, 5) = 4$
- 5)  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_3}(-3, -5, -1, 4, 5) = 3$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 7 - 4x + x^2 - 6y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {3.5, 2.7, 1.2}
- 2) We have a minimum at {2, 3, 0}
- 3) We have a minimum at {1.1, 1.8, -0.6}
- 4) We have a minimum at {2.3, 2.4, 0.9}
- 5) We have a minimum at {2.3, 2.1, -0.9}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{4xy^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 18x^2 + 15y^2 \leq 348$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 43

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (2 + x - 3x^2 + y - xy - 2y^2, 2 - 3x - 2x^2 - 2y - xy + 3y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v) = (-1 + u + 3u^2 - 2v - 3uv - 2v^2, 3 - 2u + 2u^2 - 3v - 3uv),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(2,0)$ .

- 1) -10 263.5
- 2) -7651.92
- 3) -18 065.7
- 4) -1949.67
- 5) -12 243.

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-2u^2v - 3x^2 + 3uxy - vx^2 - uy^2 = 277$$

$$-3u - 2v^2 - 2vxy - 3xy^2 + 3y^3 = -612$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x,y$  in terms of variables  $u,v$

arround the point  $p=(x,y,u,v)=(5,-4,-4,-4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4,-4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4,-4) = \frac{2}{23}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4,-4) = \frac{16}{161}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4,-4) = \frac{12}{161}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4,-4) = \frac{13}{161}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial v}(-4,-4) = \frac{15}{161}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 15 - 6x + x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{16} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-1., 0., 3.4641\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.34641, 1.73205, 4.50333\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.73205, 1.03923, 2.07846\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{3, 0, 0\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.38564, -1.38564, 5.19615\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x^3 + y^3}{4x - 4x^2 - 3x^3 - 2y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 4x^3 + 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 30x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 1500$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 44

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-x + 2z + 3z^2, xz - 3yz)$$

and

$$g(u, v) = (3 + 3u + 2u^2 - v - 2uv + 2v^2, -1 + 3u + 3u^2 - v - 3uv - v^2, -u + 3u^2 + v - 3uv + v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (0, 1, 2)$ .

- 1) 0.329454
- 2) 0.46016
- 3) 0.215826
- 4) 0.
- 5) 0.752798

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$u x z + x y z + 3 z^3 = -12$$

$$-3x^3 - 2y - 3u^2 y + 2x^2 y + 3y^3 - 2uxz = 910$$

$$2x + u^2 y - 3y^2 - uxz + 2uxz + 3uyz + 2y^2 z + 2z^3 = -21$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variable

$u$  around the point  $p = (x, y, z, u) = (-5, 5, 1, -2)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-2)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-2) = -\frac{24944}{16655}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-2) = -\frac{24941}{16655}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-2) = -\frac{4988}{3331}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-2) = -\frac{24943}{16655}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial u}(-2) = -\frac{24942}{16655}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 23 - 6x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 - 6z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D = \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.6079, -0.524606, -2.2079\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{3, 1, 3\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.8079, -0.124606, -2.4079\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-1.6079, -0.324606, -1.9079\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-2.1079, -0.224606, -2.1079\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2(x-y)}{-x+2x^2+y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 5x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D = 45x^2 + 18y^2 \leq 1782$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 45

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y, z) = (-3x + 3x^2 - xy, -3xy + xz + 3z^2, 3y^2 + 3z + xz + 2yz, -1 + 3x^2)$$

and

$$g(u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4) = (3u_2 - 2u_1u_2 - u_2^2 + u_3 + u_4 - 3u_2u_4 + 2u_4^2, \\ , u_1 - 2u_2^2 - u_2u_3 + 2u_2u_4 + 3u_4^2, -2u_1 - 2u_1u_2 - 3u_3^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition gof at the point  $p=(2, -3, -2)$ .

- 1)  $1.03326 \times 10^{10}$
- 2)  $1.73612 \times 10^{10}$
- 3)  $6.25635 \times 10^9$
- 4)  $6.59795 \times 10^9$
- 5)  $1.88534 \times 10^{10}$

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$2x^2z = -90$$

$$-v x - w y - 3 v w y = 15$$

$$3ux + 2vy = -63$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$ ,

,  $z$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$  around the point  $p=(x, y, z, u,$

$$v, w) = (-3, -3, -5, 5, -1, -3)$$
. Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(5, -1, -3)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(5, -1, -3) = -\frac{13}{11}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(5, -1, -3) = -1$$

$$3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(5, -1, -3) = -\frac{15}{11}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(5, -1, -3) = -\frac{12}{11}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial z}{\partial u}(5, -1, -3) = -\frac{14}{11}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -9 + 6x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 + 2z - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{2.56502, 0.116243, -0.443604\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{1.42501, 1.82626, 0.411403\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{2.85002, 0.971251, 0.981408\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{3.99003, 1.25625, 0.696406\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{3, 1, 1\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - 3y^2}{6x - 5x^2 - 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = -5x^3 + y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 15x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 384$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 46

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y) = (x - 3x^2 + 2y + xy - 2y^2, 2 - x - 2x^2 + y + 3xy - 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u,v) = (3 - 2u + 2u^2 + uv + 2v^2, 2 - 3u + 3uv - v^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(2,2)$ .

- 1) -2337.97
- 2) -2946.
- 3) -1411.9
- 4) -1956.6
- 5) -3455.46

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$u^2 - 2x - 3ux^2 + 3x^3 + 2uy + 2uxy + x^2y - xy^2 = -111$$

$$-u^2 + 3x - ux - 2x^2 - ux^2 - 2x^3 + 3uy + 3xy - 3uxy - 2x^2y + y^2 = 24$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x,y$  in terms of

variable  $u$  around the point  $p=(x,y,u)=(3,-5,1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = -\frac{287}{190}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = -\frac{144}{95}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = -\frac{29}{19}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = -\frac{289}{190}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(1) = -\frac{291}{190}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 7 - 6x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {3, 1, 0}
- 2) We have a maximum at {-1.79737, -0.132456, 0.2}
- 3) We have a maximum at {-1.59737, -0.832456, -0.4}
- 4) We have a maximum at {-1.69737, -0.132456, -0.4}
- 5) We have a maximum at {-1.89737, -0.632456, 0.}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} -\frac{3x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 5x^3 + 2y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 30x^2 + 9y^2 \leq 561$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*

# Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

## Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 47

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x,y,z) = (1 + 2xy - 3xz - z^2, x^2 + y + 2yz + 3z^2, 2xz - yz)$$

and

$$g(u,v,w) = (2uv, 2u + 3uv - 3w + 3vw - 3w^2, -2v),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (2, 2, -2)$ .

- 1) 253933.
- 2) 645967.
- 3) 510300.
- 4) 416160.
- 5) 507910.

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$x - 2x^3 - 3xy^2 + vxz + vyz - 2xyz - z^2 + 3z^3 = -32$$

$$-2vx - 3vy - uvy + 2v^2y + xy^2 - xz^2 = 24$$

$$-3x^2y = -12$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y, z$  in terms of variables  $u, v$

arround the point  $p = (x, y, z, u, v) = (2, 1, -1, -5, 4)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 4)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 4) = -\frac{17}{231}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 4) = -\frac{6}{77}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 4) = -\frac{16}{231}$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 4) = -\frac{5}{77}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u}(-5, 4) = -\frac{19}{231}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x, y, z) = 3 + 4x - x^2 + 2y - y^2 - z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {2, 1, 0}
- 2) We have a minimum at {-5.36678, -0.245266, -0.1}
- 3) We have a minimum at {-4.56678, -0.645266, 0.3}
- 4) We have a minimum at {-4.76678, -0.0452656, -0.2}
- 5) We have a minimum at {-4.96678, -0.345266, 0.}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3(x^2 + y^2)}{9x + 17x^2 - 3y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x, y) = -5x^3 - 4y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 15x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 810$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024 Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 48

### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (x_1 - x_2 + x_4 + 3x_2 x_4, -3x_1^2 + 2x_2 x_3 + x_3^2 - 3x_3 x_4 - 2x_4^2, 3x_1 x_2 - x_2^2 - x_3^2 + x_1 x_4 + x_2 x_4)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (-3u^2 + 3vw - 3w^2, 1 + 2v, -2u + 3v - 3uw + 2uw - vw + w^2, w),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p = (-1, 0, -2, 2)$ .

- 1) 0.749632
- 2) 0.651128
- 3) 0.
- 4) 0.821696
- 5) -0.405115

### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$u^3 - 3x_1 x_2^2 + 3x_2 x_4 = -61$$

$$-u x_2 x_4 = 12$$

$$-3v x_1 x_2 = 24$$

$$3x_3 - 2x_1 x_3 - v x_4^2 = -36$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x_1$ ,

$x_2, x_3, x_4$  in terms of variables  $u, v$  around the point  $p = (x_1, x_2,$

$$x_3, x_4, u, v) = (2, -1, 0, -3, -4, 4). \text{ Compute if possible } \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4, 4).$$

$$1) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4, 4) = -\frac{67}{8}$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4, 4) = -\frac{33}{4}$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4, 4) = -8$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4, 4) = -\frac{63}{8}$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial u}(-4, 4) = -\frac{65}{8}$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 10 + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{4} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at {0, 1, 0}
- 2) We have a maximum at {3.61403, -1.28571, 0.}
- 3) We have a maximum at {4.69824, -0.924311, 1.80702}
- 4) We have a maximum at {2.52982, -3.09273, -1.08421}
- 5) We have a maximum at {2.16842, -1.64712, 1.08421}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x^3 + y^3}{-2x - 4x^2 + x^3 + 4x^4 + y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 6x^2 + 30y^2 \leq 576$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.8\*\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.6\*\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 49

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (-3x - 2x^2 + xy + 2y^2, 3x^2 + xy - 2y^2, 2x - 3x^2 - 2y)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (uv - 3v^2 - 2w + 2w^2, w - 3uw - 3vw + 2w^2),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-1,0)$ .

- 1) 16462.
- 2) 27367.1
- 3) 9007.58
- 4) 27220.5
- 5) 3601.45

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$-x^2 y = 48$$

$$-3xyu_5 + 3u_1u_2u_5 = -255$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5$  around the point  $p=(x, y, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5)$

$= (-4, -3, -1, 5, -4, 1, 5)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial x}{\partial u_4}(-1, 5, -4, 1, 5)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_4}(-1, 5, -4, 1, 5) = 4$$

$$2) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_4}(-1, 5, -4, 1, 5) = 2$$

$$3) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_4}(-1, 5, -4, 1, 5) = 1$$

$$4) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_4}(-1, 5, -4, 1, 5) = 0$$

$$5) \frac{\partial x}{\partial u_4}(-1, 5, -4, 1, 5) = 3$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = -2 - 2x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 - 4z + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{4} + \frac{z^2}{25} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a minimum at {1.8, 1.6, 2.4}
- 2) We have a minimum at {1, 1, 2}
- 3) We have a minimum at {1.4, 2., 3.}
- 4) We have a minimum at {1.4, 0.2, 2.6}
- 5) We have a minimum at {0.8, 0., 1.2}

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{3x^3 - 3y^3}{6x + 6x^2 - 11x^3 - 2y}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit  
but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 5x^3 + 5y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 45x^2 + 45y^2 \leq 3240$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.4\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.5\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.1\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the maximum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*

## Further Mathematics - 2023/2024

### Exam - 1 - Multivariate Functions for serial number: 50

#### Exercise 1

Given the functions

$$f(x, y) = (3 - 3x + 2x^2 + y - xy + y^2, 2 - x - 2x^2 - y - xy + 3y^2, 1 - x + 3x^2 + 2y - 3xy + 2y^2)$$

and

$$g(u, v, w) = (2u^2, u - w),$$

compute the determinant of the Jacobian matrix of the composition  $g \circ f$  at the point  $p=(-2, -2)$ .

- 1) 543.713
- 2) 420.
- 3) 786.03
- 4) 595.241
- 5) 348.784

#### Exercise 2

Given the system

$$3uw^2 + xy = -3$$

$$uvw - 2x^2y + 2uy^2 - vy^2 = 14$$

determine if it is possible to solve for variables  $x, y$  in terms of variables  $u, v, w$

arround the point  $p=(x, y, u, v, w) = (-1, -3, -2, -4, 1)$ . Compute if possible  $\frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(-2, -4, 1)$ .

$$1) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(-2, -4, 1) = -26$$

$$2) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(-2, -4, 1) = -27$$

$$3) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(-2, -4, 1) = -25$$

$$4) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(-2, -4, 1) = -24$$

$$5) \frac{\partial y}{\partial w}(-2, -4, 1) = -28$$

### Exercise 3

Given the function

$f(x,y,z) = 16 - 6x + x^2 - 2y + y^2 + z^2$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} + \frac{z^2}{9} \leq 1$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.459116, -4.86647, 0.\}$
- 2) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.0591159, -4.76647, 0.4\}$
- 3) We have a maximum at  $\{3, 1, 0\}$
- 4) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.259116, -5.06647, -0.1\}$
- 5) We have a maximum at  $\{-0.259116, -4.56647, 0.4\}$

### Exercise 4

Study the limit,  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{6y^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$ .

- 1) The limit exists.
- 2) For any line passing through the point we obtain the same limit but there is a parabolic curve along which we obtain different limit.
- 3) We obtain different limit for different lines passing through the point.

### Exercise 5

Given the function

$f(x,y) = 3x^3 + y^3$  defined over the domain  $D \equiv 27x^2 + 3y^2 \leq 984$ , compute its absolute maxima and minima.

- 1) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.0\*\*\*
- 2) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.9\*\*\*
- 3) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.7\*\*\*
- 4) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.2\*\*\*
- 5) The value of the minimum is \*\*\*\*.3\*\*\*